[This question paper con	tains 4 print	ed pages.]	
Sr. No. of Question Paper	: 7781	F-2	Your Roll No
Unique Paper Code	: 2161202		
Name of the Course	: Bachelor	with Honours	in Botany
Name of the Paper	: Fundame	ntals of Biochem	istry
Semester	: II		
Duration: 3 Hours			Maximum Marks : 75
Instructions for Candid	<u>ates</u>		
1. Write your Roll No.	on the top ir	nmediately on r	eceipt of this question paper.
			n No. 1 which is compulsory.
1. (a) Define any four	of the follow	ving:	(1×4=4)
(i) Free energ	<b>y</b>		
(ii) Hydrogen l	bond		
(iii) Reducing s	ugars		
(iv) pH			
(v) Turnover nu	umber		
(vi) Redox reac	tion		
(b) Give structures o	of any three	of the following	: (1×3=3)
(i) α-D-glucos	e		
(ii) Sucrose			

(iii) Adenine

(v) Sterol

(iv)  $\alpha$  – amino acid at pH 7.0

(c)	Name	e any four of the following:	(1×4=4)
	(i)	An amino acid in which sulfur is present in R group	
	(ii)	The pH at which proteins precipitate	
	(iii)	The noncovalent bonds responsible for holding secondary structure protein	ructure of
	(iv)	An epimer of glucose	
	(v)	A flavonoid that serves to attract insect pollinators	
	(vi)	Monomeric unit of chitin	
(d)	Fill i	n the blank in any four of the following:	(1×4=4)
	(i)	Sphingolipids do not contain glycerol but they do contain chain amino alcohol	the long
	(ii)	Enzymes act by lowering the of the reaction.	
	(iii)	Mirror -image stereoisomers are also called	
	(iv)	Hydrogen bonded portions of t-RNA molecule are called	•
	(v)	A chemical reaction would be if $\Delta G^0$ , value of the is negative.	e reaction
	(vi)	Ribose and deoxyribose are examples of sugars	S.
(e)	Write	e the following statements as True or False in any four of the fo	ollowing:
	(i)	An adenine thymine pair contains three hydrogen bonds.	
	(ii)	A competitive inhibitor changes $V_{\text{max}}$ of the reaction but not for substrate.	K <sub>m</sub> value
	(iii)	Waxes are the esters of glycerol with long chain fatty acids	<b>3.</b>
٠	(iv)	The two strands of DNA run parallel from their 5' to 3' en	ıds.
	(v)	Sucrose is a nonreducing sugar.	(1×4=4)

2. Differentiate between any four of the following:

	(1)	Covalent bonds and Noncovalent bonds
	(ii)	B and Z- DNA
	(iii)	Nucleoside and Nucleotide
	(iv)	Competitive and Noncompetitive enzyme inhibition
	(v)	Fibrous and Globular proteins
	(vi)	Homopolysaccharides and Heteropolysaccharides
3.	(a)	What is active site of an enzyme? Explain some of the features of the active site. (7)
	(b)	Why is ATP a high energy molecule? Explain it with the help of structure of the molecule. (7)
4.	(a)	Explain the double helical structure of DNA with the help of a well labeled diagram. (8)
	(b)	What do you understand by protein denaturation? Discuss it with respect to the effect of temperature. (6)
5.	(a)	What are lipids? Describe in detail their nomenclature, classification and roles in biological system. (10)
	(b)	What properties of the water molecule allow it to function as a support to all living organisms?  (4)
6.	Giv	e reasons for any <b>four</b> of the following: $(3\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 14)$
	(i)	Change in fatty acyl components of the membrane when the organisms adapt to change in temperature.

 $(3\frac{1}{2}\times 4=14)$ 

- (ii) Presence of proline in a polypeptide chain causes a kink in the  $\alpha$ -helical structure.
- (iii) Membrane lipids are amphipathic molecules.
- (iv) Artificial straightening and curling of hair can be done by chemical treatment.
- (v) Fats are the preferred reserve energy source.
- (vi) A diet rich in trans fats is a health risk.
- 7. Write short notes on any four of the following:

 $(3\frac{1}{2}\times 4=14)$ 

- (i) Second law of thermodynamics
- (ii) Alkaloids
- (iii) Hemicellulose
- (iv) Nomenclature and classification of enzymes
- (v) Sugar alcohols
- (vi) t-RNA