

This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No. ....

1302-A

A

**B.Sc. (Hons.)/III**  
**BOTANY—Paper VII**  
**(Plant Physiology)**  
**(OC—Admissions of 2003 and before)**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 55

*(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately  
on receipt of this question paper.)*

*Attempt five questions in all, including  
Question No. 1 which is compulsory.*

*All parts of a question should be answered together.*

1. (a) Name any *six* of the following :
- (i) A synthetic auxin
  - (ii) An ethylene-releasing substance
  - (iii) The metal present in the chlorophyll molecule
  - (iv) A calcium-binding regulatory protein
  - (v) Location of catalase
  - (vi) An enzyme involved in sucrose degradation
  - (vii) A CAM plant

(b) Answer any *three* of the following :

- (i) What is the other name for the  $C_4$  cycle ?
- (ii) What are the sites of the light and dark reaction of photosynthesis ?
- (iii) How many ATP molecules are generated by the complete oxidation of one glucose molecule ?
- (iv) What is the unique feature of phytochrome which differentiates it from all other pigments ? 3

(c) Write a major contribution of any *four* of the following :

- (i) R. Emerson
- (ii) M. H. Zimmermann
- (iii) G. Melchers
- (iv) Miller et al
- (v) Pfeffer, Julius Sachs and Knop 4

(d) How have the following helped in our understanding of plant physiology ? Attempt any *two*.

- (i) Aphids
- (ii) *Avena* seedlings
- (iii) Leaves of the bean plant 2

2. Answer any *five* of the following :

- (a) How can we determine the wavelengths best suited for a light mediated process ?
- (b) Why are hedges pruned at regular intervals ?
- (c) Why do imbibed embryoless half-grains of barley lack amylase activity ?
- (d) What are the general functions of mineral elements ?
- (e) How are plants able to acquire iron from the soil although iron is often in the insoluble form ?
- (f) What happens to the nitrate absorbed by plants ?

10

3. Briefly explain the following :

- (a) RQ
- (b) Scarification
- (c) Apparent free space
- (d) Trace element
- (e) Substrate-level phosphorylation
- (f) Callus
- (g) Isoelectric point
- (h) Bioassay
- (i) Water potential
- (j) Senescence

1 × 10 = 10

[P.T.O.]

4. Differentiate between the following. Attempt any *five*.
- (a) Holoenzyme and apoenzyme
  - (b) Hypotonic and hypertonic solutions
  - (c) Short-day and long-day plants
  - (d) Channel and carrier proteins
  - (e) Epigeal and hypogeal germination
  - (f) Constitutive and inducible enzymes 10
5. Write an account on any *two* of the following :
- (a) Stomatal movements
  - (b) Münch's mass flow hypothesis
  - (c) Geotropism 10
6. Answer any *two* of the following :
- (a) Discuss how is Ammonia assimilated in plants.
  - (b) Discuss the mechanism of action of enzymes.
  - (c) Differentiate  $C_3$  plants from  $C_4$  plants. 10
7. (a) Diagrammatically represent the citric acid cycle. 6
- (b) Explain the method by which we can find out whether a hormone shows polar transport or not. 4
8. Discuss any *two* of the following :
- (a) Growth and its measurement
  - (b) Cohesion-tension theory
  - (c)  $\beta$ -oxidation 10