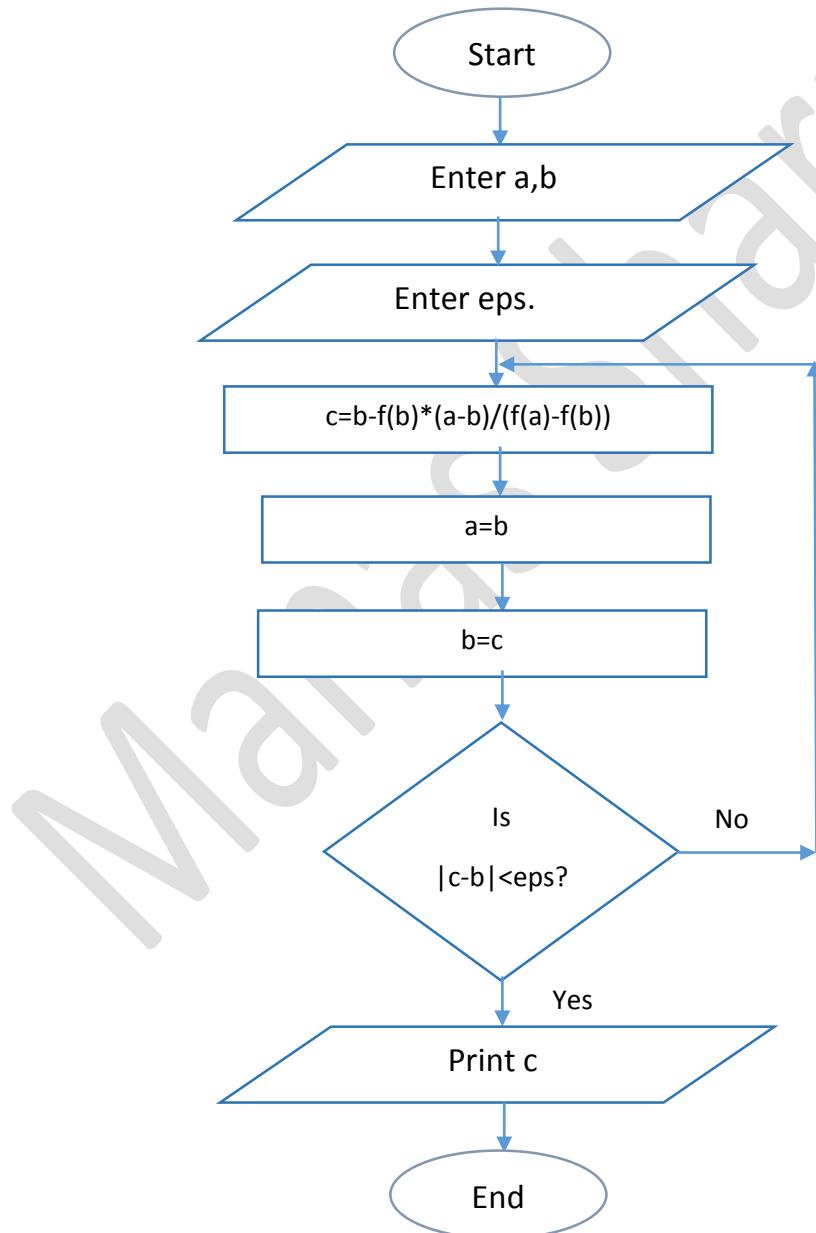


Aim: To find the root of an equation using Secant Method.

Algorithm:

1. Enter the values of initial guesses, a and b.
2. Enter the value of the tolerance error, eps.
3. Repeat
 - Set $c = b - f(b) * (a - b) / (f(a) - f(b))$
 - Set $a = b$
 - Set $b = c$
 - Until $|c_n - c| < \text{Tolerance value(eps)}$
4. Print 'c', the root in the interval [a,b].

Flow Chart:



Program:

```
//Secant Method for finding the roots of an equation
#include<iostream>
#include<iomanip>
#include<cmath>
using namespace std;
double f(double x); //declare the function for the given equation
double f(double x) //define the function here, ie give the equation
{
    double a=x*x*x-2.0*x-5.0; //write the equation whose roots are to be determined
    return a;
}
int main()
{
    cout.precision(6);
    cout.setf(ios::fixed); //set the precision of the output
    double a,b,c,e;
    int iter=1;
    cout<<"Enter the initial guess\na=";
    cin>>b;
    cout<<"b="; //take an initial guess
    cin>>c;
    cout<<"Enter the degree of accuracy\n";
    cin>>e; //take the desired accuracy
    cout<<"Iter" << setw(12) << "a" << setw(12) << "b" << setw(12) << "c" << setw(12) << "f(c)" << setw(12) << "|cn-
c|" << endl;
    cout<<"_____<br>";
    do
    {
        a=b;
        b=c; //make b equal to the last calculated value of c
        c=b-(b-a)/(f(b)-f(a))*f(b); //calculate c
        cout<<iter << setw(16) << a << setw(12) << b << setw(12) << c << setw(12) << f(c) << setw(12) << fabs(c-
b) << endl;
        if (f(c)==0)
        {
            cout<<"\nThe root of the equation is "<<c; //print the root
            return 0;
        }
        iter++;
    }while(abs(c-b)>e); //check if the error is greater than the desired accuracy
    cout<<"\nThe root of the equation is "<<c<<endl; //print the root
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

For $f(x) = 3x + \sin x - e^x$

```
Enter the initial guess
a=0
b=1
Enter the degree of accuracy
.0000001
Iter      a          b          c          f(c)
1      0.0000000  1.0000000  0.4709892  0.2651584
2      1.0000000  0.4709892  0.3075086  -0.1348213
3      0.4709892  0.3075086  0.3626131  0.0054785
4      0.3075086  0.3626131  0.3604613  0.0000995
5      0.3626131  0.3604613  0.3604215  -0.0000001
6      0.3604613  0.3604215  0.3604216  0.0000000

The root of the equation is 0.3604216
```

For $f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 5$

```
Enter the initial guess
a=2
b=3
Enter the degree of accuracy
.001
Iter      a          b          c          f(c)      |cn-c|
1      2.000000  3.000000  2.058824  -0.390800  0.941176
2      3.000000  2.058824  2.081264  -0.147204  0.022440
3      2.058824  2.081264  2.094824  0.003044  0.013560
4      2.081264  2.094824  2.094549  -0.000023  0.000275
```