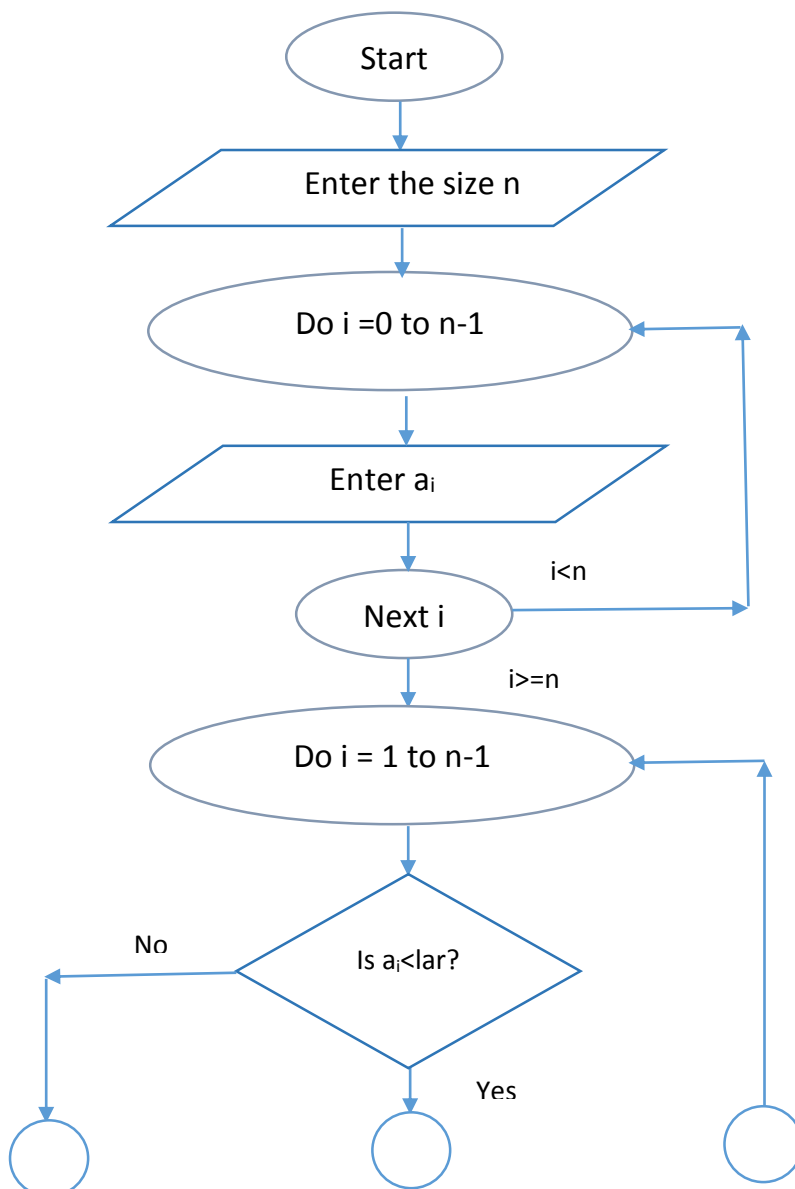


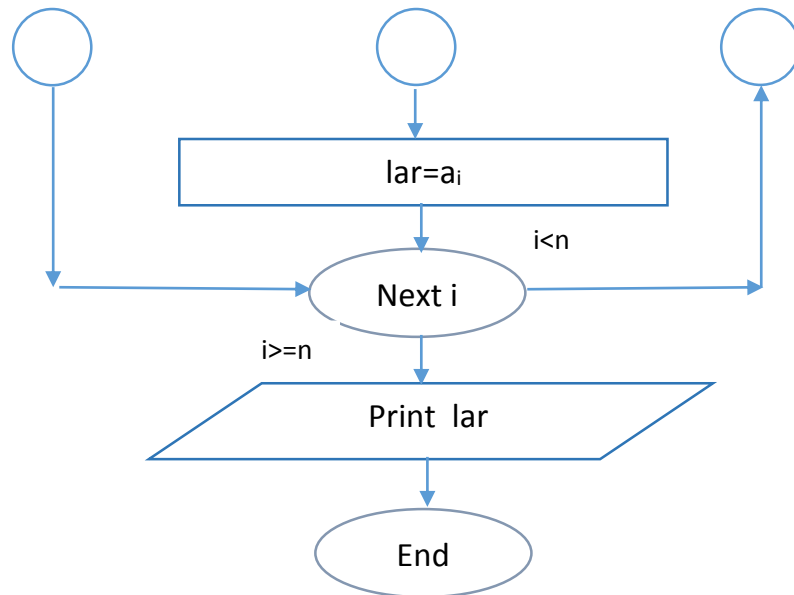
Aim: To find the largest number in a list.

Algorithm:

1. Enter the size of the list, n .
2. Enter the elements of the list:
 Begin For $i=0$ to $n-1$
 Enter a_i
 End For i
3. Set $lar=a_1$
4. Begin For $i=1$ to $n-1$.
 If $a_i > lar$
 Then set $lar=a_i$
 Else
 Set $lar=lar$.
 End For
5. Print lar , the largest no.

Flow Chart:





Program:

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n,i;
    cout<<"\nEnter the size of the list:\n";    //Get the size of the list
    cin>>n;
    double a[n];
    cout<<"\nEnter the elements of the list:\n";
    for (i=0;i<n;i++)
        cin>>a[i];
    double lar=a[0];
    for (i=1;i<n;i++)
        lar=(a[i]>lar?a[i]:lar);    //so that 'lar' gets assigned the largest value in the list
    cout<<"\nThe largest no. is: "<<lar<<endl;    //Print 'lar'
    return 0;
}
  
```

Output:

```

Enter the size of the list:
5
Enter the elements of the list:
100    -999    0    2000    1
The largest no. is: 2000
  
```

Enter the size of the list:

8

Enter the elements of the list:

9898.5

-0.1

100.4

-9999.9

0

9898.6

5

41

The largest no. is: 9898.6